



COEFFICIENT-MODULATED FIRST-ORDER ALLPASS FILTER AS DISTORTION EFFECT Department of Signal Processing and Acoustics How TO CHOOSE THE MODULATION SIGNAL?	COEFFICIENT-MODULATED FIRST-ORDER ALLPASS FILTER AS HELSINKI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOCY Department of Signal Processing and Acoustics CONCLUSIONS
 b The input signal as is ↓ Usually non-smooth ⇒ large distortion b Lowpass filtered input signal b Constant modulation signal, e.g., a sinusoid DEMOS Example 1 Example 2 I Input signal I Input signal I Input signal I Input signal I Modulated by lowpass filtered input signal I Modulated by a 800 Hz sine, (-1, 0.6) I Modulated by a 800 Hz sine, (-1, 0.6) 	 Amplitude distortion can be obtained by phase modulation Efficient implementation with a coefficient-modulated low-order allpass filter Coeffient-modulated first-order allpass filter tested Pros Computationally efficient Freedom to choose the modulation signal Possibility to be almost alias-free Cons Only one degree of freedom Difficulty to choose the modulation signal? Too simplified approach? Demos available at: http://www.acoustics.hut.fi/~jpekonen/Papers/dafx08/
Jussi Pekonen DAFx-08 presentation September 2, 2008 — Slide 9/11	Jussi Pekonen DAFx-08 presentation September 2, 2008 — Slide 10/11

